



TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 3, 1901.

THE DIRECT appeal of Mr. William J. Bryan to the labor element is becoming more pronounced every day. Not content with his ill-advised writings in the Commoner, he has finally placed himself at the head of a labor parade in Kansas City and closed the scene with a speech in keeping with some of his utterances in his official organ. That Mr. Bryan talks too much at times is apparent to many of his friends and to thousands who voted for him on two occasions for President of the United States. Yesterday in his speech he undertook to utilize a well-known passage of the Bible in order to substantiate his antipathy to people who have by their industry or genius amassed more wealth than others. He took for his text the words "Muzzle not the ox that treadeth out the corn," an injunction intended for the benefit of a humble and patient animal, and which was used by the great apostle to enjoin upon Christians the duty of providing for those who devote their entire lives to preaching the gospel. How it can possibly apply to strikers and others who never were contented and never will be, may be plain to Mr. Bryan but not to others. Among other things he said: "Today the only people who sympathize with the steel workers are those who toil in other parts of the Lord's vineyard." If the convulsions and turmoil incident to strikes and the nurturing of discontent be the work of the Lord's vineyard, then the gospel of peace is misunderstood. There is much unrest in this country and no one can tell what another decade may bring forth. If unthinking and ignorant men are made to believe that strikes, war on capital, red republicanism, &c., are upheld by the sacred writings, the trumpet will be made to sound forth an uncertain sound, and the country will eventually present scenes akin to those of the French revolution. The procedures in the city of McKeesport, Pa., where men on their way to the work-shops are assailed in the streets, the contents of their dinner pails thrown into the gutters and they driven from places where they desire to work is one of the grave signs of the times rendered still more serious by the Mayor of the city, presumably in sympathy with the law-breakers, tolerating such acts. With a man as chief magistrate of the nation who is inimical to capital and who entertains a fellow feeling for the discontented, it would require but a few more such officials as the Mayor of McKeesport to precipitate grave trouble. We are told that one of the signs of the last days will be the appearance of murderers and those who despise dominion. It sometimes looks as though the curials have risen on the last act in the world's history.

MUCH COMPLAINT is made all over the State because the constitutional convention is too slow in doing its work. It has been nearly three months since it met and nothing definite has been accomplished and the expense to the taxpayers is about \$4,000 a week. The fear that the disfranchisement of any white voters may be vetoed upon the framers of the constitution in subsequent elections prevents the adoption of any practical plan, as the disfranchising of the negro under any scheme will also disfranchise a percentage of white voters. Many delegates are opposed to a property qualification, because it would disqualify many white voters; others are equally opposed to an understanding clause, because it would perpetuate fraud by making the county election boards the absolute judge of a man's qualification, so it would appear that the members of the convention believe they are between the devil and the deep sea. The good of the State should be the guiding star of the convention and the political future of the individual members should not be taken into consideration for a moment.

THE SPANISH government has been blamed for not putting down the "rebellion" in the Philippines which has been going on for hundreds of years, though Spain had continuously kept an army of fully 40,000 men in those islands for that express purpose. But Gen. MacArthur, who has just returned from Manila, says he believes the United States government will have to keep an army of 40,000 men in the Philippines. From this it would appear that the United States has just taken Spain's place in maintaining a large army to keep down Filipino "rebels."

SOME of the yacht experts say that the America cup is now in greater danger than ever before and this belief is shared by many who are not experts. Shamrock II is admitted to be a much better and faster boat than Shamrock I, which two years ago was beaten by Columbia, while the new boat, Conq'it, built this year as the defender of the cup, is considered by many to be inferior to Columbia. Sir Thomas Lipton's expressed wish that the cup

might be carried back to England so that the old folks at home might get a squint at it may yet be gratified.

As STATED in the Gazette's Washington letter yesterday Gen. Wood, Governor of Cuba, called at the War Department on that day and said "The United States will remain in control in Cuba at least seven or eight months longer." Why not be frank and say indefinitely. It is believed by some that know a hawk from a heronshaw that from the day war was declared upon Spain, notwithstanding the protests to the contrary, it was the intention of this country to seize, hold and "assimilate" Cuba.

It was predicted by many politicians soon after the opening of the State constitutional convention that the members of that body would dig their political graves and this prediction seems likely to be fulfilled. Last week Mr. J. H. Ludsay, of Albemarle, a member of the convention, was a candidate before a democratic primary for the State Senate and was overwhelmingly defeated in his own county by Mr. J. S. Chapman, of Greene.

THE SPEECH of Mr. Summers, of Washington county, in the Constitutional Convention last week and the behavior of the colored people in the Capitol at the time that speech was made, it is said, so disgusted several of the delegates that were "on the fence" that they have since declared for proclaiming the new constitution.

REPRESENTATIVE HULL, of Iowa, says that a serious rebellion will result if missionaries are permitted to go to the island of Mindanao to work among the Moros. If this is the case the missionaries should undoubtedly be kept out of the island, or should they persist in going there they should be left to their fate.

THE RIVER excursion season has closed, and none too soon, for damp, chilly nights spent on the river are apt to undermine the constitution of the weak, fill the system with malaria and bring about other evil consequences.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, September 3. Vice President Roosevelt's visit to Illinois is not regarded here as of so much moment as his forthcoming trip through the South, the itinerary for which has not yet been completed. Those who know the Vice President understand very well the purpose of his visit, and the results of it will be closely watched by political observers, and particularly by those who are hoping to obtain the republican presidential nomination in 1904. Mr. Roosevelt knows very little of the South. He has spent some time in Texas and the south western territories, but has had little opportunity to meet the people of the older southern States. His trip for the purpose of "getting acquainted" and forming friendships which may be of importance in the more important years just immediately ahead. Senator Hanna, who is regarded in Washington as the real substantial and serious presidential quantity from the regular camp, is too crafty to be disturbed by anything likely to happen during the Roosevelt journey. He knows the southern delegate intimately, and knows just how to get at him when the time comes.

Michael Davitt, ex-member of the British parliament and champion of Irish home rule, arrived in Washington last night on a visit to his sister, Miss Salina Davitt, a clerk in one of the government departments. Interviewed as to the Brier war he said: "Most of the people of England believe with the Irish nationalist party that this war against the Brier is one of the most abominable crimes of modern times. If there were no gold mines in Johannesburg there would have been no war. The Boers will never be conquered. It seems as though England is determined upon a policy of virtual extermination, and I can predict that nothing short of actual extermination will ever make the Transvaal a British Colony in reality." Mr. Davitt expects to return to England the latter of the month.

An examination of applicants for appointment as Assistant Surgeon in the army has been resumed in Washington and San Francisco, and the army medical boards continued in those cities will remain in session so long as there are candidates to be examined. Sixty-six vacancies in the medical department still remain to be filled.

Telegraphic advices have been received at the State department today stating that steps have been taken to adjust the differences between Colombia and Venezuela in a peaceful fashion. Communications are passing between Bogota and Caracas. The danger of war, it is stated, has passed. The department will make public its advices later today.

Notwithstanding the State department's favorable advices regarding conditions in Venezuela and Colombia received today Dr. Silva, the Colombian Minister, is not at all sanguine that war between the two countries will be averted.

Commissioner Rockhill, in a dispatch received this morning by the State Department from Pekin, says that the Chinese plenipotentiaries received an imperial decree from the court instructing them to sign the peace protocol on the 28th of last month. The signature has, however, been delayed because the Chinese plenipotentiaries declare they must await instructions from the court regarding those features of the protocol providing for the punishment of officials who took part in the attacks upon foreigners and for the suspension of examinations.

The monthly report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture issued today shows the average condition of cotton on August 24 to have been 71.4 as compared with 77.2 on the preceding fifth of the month preceding, 68.2 on September 1, 1900, 65.5 on September 1, 1899, and ten year average of 74.9. There was an impairment of condition during August amounting to 4 points in Virginia. The average condition in Virginia is 82.

John D. Barber, a nephew of the President, was today appointed assistant paymaster in the navy with rank of Ensign.

According to the Nagasaki Press, private telegrams received from Korea

indicate that the rice crop throughout the peninsula will be a failure this year. The export of rice from the country has been prohibited by the government.

Although the State Department has not been officially advised of the fact that the Danish minister has consented to the sale to the United States of the Danish West Indies, the officials admit that they have been expecting a favorable termination to the negotiations which have been under way for a long time. The price said to have been agreed upon is \$16,000,000 kroner, or \$4,300,000.

Captain Samuel C. Lemley, Judge Advocate of the Schley court of inquiry, is rapidly getting his material into shape for proper presentation to the court. It was stated today that Rear Admiral Schley's counsel would probably take no further action looking to the disqualification of Rear Admiral Howison from sitting on the court of inquiry until that body shall have been convened.

As stated yesterday Minister Wu does not credit the cable report of his projected transfer from Washington to London as the representative of his government. There is no man in the whole diplomatic body here more generally popular than the Chinese minister, and none whose transfer would cause more general regret.

The report sent out from Lake Superior, N. H., concerning the condition of Rear Admiral Sampson and expressing doubts as to his living until the Schley court of inquiry was, was greatly exaggerated. It is learned that the report of Rear Admiral Sampson's condition being seriously ill probably originated from having suffered a slight relapse a few days ago, following a long drive around the country, which had overtaken him. It was temporary, however, for he was out and about the city, and had improved since leaving Boston, and talk about his being a dying man has no more foundation than it had six months ago.

A bill of sale was filed today in the District Supreme Court conveying to Wm. Jennings Bryan the National Watchman, a free silver and labor paper, formerly published by the National Watchman Publishing Company, of Alexandria. The paper was at one time owned by Senator Stewart, of Nevada.

Col. Albert Clark, of Boston, was today elected chairman of the Industrial Commission to succeed the late Senator Kyle, of North Dakota. Col. Clark was already a member of the commission.

NEWS OF THE DAY

Dr. Krause, former governor of Johannesburg and a prominent official of the Transvaal government, has been arrested in London on a charge of high treason.

Prince Chun and his suite have left Switzerland for Berlin, Emperor William having decided to waive the ceremony of kowtow or prostrating themselves in the imperial presence.

A dispatch from Copenhagen says the new Danish ministry has decided to accept the United States' offer of \$4,300,000 for the Danish West Indies, thus announcing an accomplished fact what the dispatches of the Associated Press said the ministry would do.

The sailing ship Roanoke, Captain Amesbury, which had been insured by her owners at a 45 per cent. premium, was spoken August 8, 600 miles south of the Equator. She sailed out Norfolk with coal for San Francisco, and was reported to have been seen on fire at sea.

The second official trial race of the Columbia and Constitution of Newport, R. I., yesterday had practically no result. The yacht, for lack of wind, were unable to finish within the time limit of five and one-half hours. The old defender maintained a significant lead until the contest was called off.

A furious thunderstorm swept over the upper end of Baltimore county yesterday evening and considerable damage was done by lightning. Wesley Methodist Episcopal Church and three barns were burned, and the residence of Cornelius Gill was damaged and seven persons were stunned. A number of animals were killed.

The Colombian Liberals, or insurgents, having besieged the town of Bojao del Toro, 140 miles west of Colon, the American consular agent has urgently appealed for a gunboat and the situation continues critical. Agents of the European powers have notified the Colombian commander that commerce must not be interrupted. The attitude of Venezuela toward Colombia is becoming more warlike.

Civil Governor Nunez, of Havana, has suppressed a French play translated into Spanish which had been presented at the Pavet Theatre by a Spanish company. The play is entitled "Pork Kings; or Uncle Sam." Senator Nunez describes it as "an insult to American womanhood." La Lucha, protesting against the production in the strongest terms, says: "This play consists of vile and useless malevolence, which is heaped upon the entire American nation, instead of a small group."

BLOODY FIGHT NEAR EMPORIA.

John and George Rawlings left Emporia, Greenville county, yesterday afternoon and were on their way home when they passed a field in which J. B. Dunn was working. John Rawlings, it is said, accused Dunn of having killed his father, and applied vile epithets to Dunn, who resented the abuse, whereupon both the Rawlings attacked him. Dunn's mother, seeing the fight and the odds against her son, called a younger son, Alex. Dunn, who is a night watchman and has a pistol. He ran to the scene, armed with a pistol. George Rawlings, seeing him coming, it is alleged, opened fire, wounding him in the arm. Undismayed by this, young Dunn did not stop, but, it is said, brought his gun into play, putting one ball into George Rawlings' breast near the heart, while another grazed his stomach. The condition of Rawlings is serious, with small hope of recovery. Meanwhile, John Rawlings had been beating J. B. Dunn with knuckles, it is charged, and battered his face fearfully before Dunn got the knuckles and the tide of battle turned. Scorning to use the knuckles, Dunn gave Rawlings such an unmerciful beating with his fists that he cried piteously to be spared.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—John Perkins, aged thirty-six years, of south Wilmington, Del., was killed by lightning Sunday night and Adam Hobbs and Thomas Honey were severely shocked. The men, during a storm which was marked by a descent of hail sought shelter under a shed at the latter's wharf. Perkins had around his neck a steel spring to hold his coat collar in shape. The collar was turned up and it is supposed the steel attracted the lightning. One end of the spring was raised around the back of the head, where it had burned deeply into the flesh.

President McKinley has consented to attend the stark county, Ohio, fair this afternoon. Secretary Cortelyou will accompany him.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mrs. William Anderson says that he has no idea of resigning his seat in the constitutional convention to make the canvass for attorney general, as had been reported.

Mr. Jacob F. Ebersole, of the firm of Oyster & Ebersole, extensive manufacturers of lime, and a prominent business man of Winchester, died on Sunday of congestion of the lungs.

The democratic executive committee met at Manassas yesterday and decided to hold a mass-meeting on the first Monday in October to nominate a candidate for the legislature. Hon. G. G. Gailagher is the only candidate, and from present indications will not have any opposition.

Mrs. Bernice E. Davis, wife of Mr. William G. Davis, died at her apartments in Washington Saturday from typhoid fever. She was forty years old. Members of the family accompanied the remains to North Fork, Loudoun county, where Sunday afternoon interment took place.

A telegram was received at Winchester yesterday announcing the death in Pass-Christians, Sunday night, of Miss Louise Taylor, formerly of Winchester, which occurred after an illness of several weeks. Miss Taylor was a daughter of the late Gen. "Dick" Taylor, and a granddaughter of President Zachary Taylor.

Miss Evelyn Marye died at Frederickburg, at the home of her brother, Hon. John L. Marye, yesterday afternoon, after a protracted illness, at an advanced age. She is survived by four brothers, the other three being State Auditor Morton Marye, Col. Lawrence S. Marye, of Lynchburg, and Prof. Stuart Marye, of Washington.

Judge Baker P. Lee of the Elizabeth City and Warwick county courts, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harry Booker, at Backrock Beach, aged 71 years. He was an aspirant for Governor when O'Ferrall ran and it was thought this year that he would be a candidate for the nomination, but he did not enter the race. He was a gallant Confederate soldier.

What appears to be rather a peculiar case of the communication of disease from animal to man has turned up in Manchester. Two of the stationmen at the fire engine house there have been forced within the past two or three days to undergo medical treatment for humor of the blood, presumably imparted to them through their handling of a horse suffering from a like affection.

The Concomitant Order of Ho-Hoo will hold its Annual at Norfolk this year, September 9th to 12th, inclusive. All members and others eligible for membership are cordially invited to attend the annual.

THE CONVENTION.

The constitutional convention held a rather uninteresting session yesterday. The feature of the day was a vigorous speech by former Attorney General Rufus A. Ayres in favor of submitting the constitution to the white votes only. Mr. Ayres said: "I believe we should incorporate in the organic law a provision that will clarify the political atmosphere of this State, and for that purpose I shall vote to submit this constitution to an abridged electorate."

"I would grant to all persons of fair character who understand the duties of government the right to vote. I would not require a poll tax, property or other educational qualification. I would provide a board of three to determine, on application for registration, who met these qualifications. I would have those men selected because of their high and irreproachable character, one of opposite political principles from the other two to be appointed by the governor to fill vacancies. I believe this would practically admit every citizen in Virginia who is not entitled to vote. I would have the interests of the negroes confined to the only real friends they have in the State of Virginia. Composed of the high material of this board of registration would be, I have no doubt, that every negro who was fitted to vote would be honestly admitted and his vote counted as cast."

The Underwood constitution, he said, had been submitted to an abridged electorate, and no man would assert that there was any moral right which required that the work of this convention should be submitted to the negroes of the State.

At the opening of the session a large number of memorials were offered on homestead exemptions, restrictions of the liquor traffic and appropriations to sectarian schools. No ordinances were presented.

The single court system, by which it was proposed to abolish the present county courts, was practically killed in the judiciary committee yesterday morning, and efforts will be made to evolve another plan. The vote on Friday last was six for this system and four against. Of the four additional members present yesterday morning, Col. Sumner voted for, and Messrs. Eason, Moore, and Smith against. This made a tie, with Judge Robertson, another opponent of the plan, absent.

There was a general discussion of the subject and a conciliatory spirit of compromise seemed to prevail. Several new plans were suggested, but no further action taken. One plan provides for a monthly system of courts to be held by trial justices and a circuit court. Another suggests a county court of supervision of fiscal duties, a district county court, and circuit court. The indications are that the court system of the State will be somewhat modified, but it is more certain that the monthly county court, in some form, will be retained.

A strong delegation of Bristol lawyers arrived yesterday and appeared before the judiciary committee last night in opposition to the proposition to abolish corporation courts in cities of less than 12,500 population. This would affect Bristol.

One of the items in the auditor's itemized statement of how the governor's contingent fund has been spent for the last twenty years, which has attracted a good deal of attention, is that for pay of guards at the executive mansion. Ex-Governor Cameron, during whose term the expenditure was made, said yesterday that this was made necessary by repairs which were being made to the mansion. The house was undergoing extensive alterations, and being practically open much of the time, it was necessary to keep a watchman to protect the premises. That was all the guards were for.

Salvation Oil the best liniment Regular bottle, 15 cts; large bottle, 25 cts. Greatest cure on earth for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Soreness, Sprains, Backache, stiff joints, Bruises, Swellings, Burns and Frost Bites. Salvation Oil kills all pain. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Convention.
Richmond, Sept. 3.—Mr. P. J. Campbell, of Amherst, made a speech declaring that if the party pledge to submit the constitution to the whole electorate is not kept the democrats will lose his county. Cyclone Jim Marshall started a speech in favor of submitting the constitution to the whole electorate, but did not finish it.

Foreign News.
Paris, Sept. 3.—It is officially announced that the Czar will arrive in France on September 17.

London, Sept. 3.—General Lord Kitchener's weekly report made public today shows that the state of affairs in Cape Colony is practically unchanged.

Paris, Sept. 3.—A report has reached here from Brittany that Sarah Bernard is seriously ill at her summer home on Belle Isle-en-Mer.

Berlin, Sept. 3.—The Chinese exploratory mission headed by Prince Chun, which left Basle, Switzerland, yesterday, arrived in Berlin this afternoon. They were given no official recognition, but will continue immediately to Potsdam where imperial hospitality in the Orangerie Palace, has been offered them for only two days. Immediately after an audience with Emperor William, the mission must move to a private habitation in Berlin.

London, Sept. 3.—A prominent Tammany man who is in London said this morning that Richard Croker went to Southampton the latter part of last week, and did not come back, and that there is every reason to believe he sailed aboard the American liner Philadelphia for New York. All he said, was done with the utmost secrecy.

London, Sept. 3.—The race for the eighth championship breeders biennial stakes of 3,000 sovereigns, at Darby today, was won by Sterling Balm, with Danny Maher up.

Toblach, Tyrol, Sept. 3.—An Englishman who was on his wedding trip fell from the Crocodile yesterday and was killed. His guide says the tourist had an apoplectic fit.

London, Sept. 3.—King Edward has appointed a commission of five scientists to investigate Dr. Koch's tuberculosis theory.

Sullivan Tells Why He Stopped Woman.

St. Louis, Sept. 3.—Former Senator William Van Amburg Sullivan, of Oxford, Miss., is in St. Louis. Mr. Sullivan said yesterday that he was in the city to see the face of Miss Lucy Leaton, who had brought suit against him for \$50,000 for breach of promise. The slapping occurred on New Jersey avenue in Washington. Referring to the incident, Mr. Sullivan said: "I never promised to marry Miss Leaton, and the suit was brought at the instance of my political enemies. Miss Leaton's husband had brought suit against her and I represented her. She was in poor circumstances, and I loaned her money to go to a business college in Memphis so that she might fit herself to enter her living. I remained in Washington. Later she came to Washington after I married Mrs. Marie Aikins, who was the daughter of Dr. Newman, of Washington, on money furnished her by my political enemies, as I can prove by a telegram in my possession. One evening I was going to my home and was on Jersey avenue and about to take a car, when Miss Leaton stepped from a cafe and desired to talk to me. I refused to talk to her, and told her if she had anything to say to talk as we walked along. I told her I was in a hurry to get home to dinner. 'Yes,' she said, 'I suppose you want to get home to your wife. I have a decent woman who will not have married you after the circumstances. That enraged me, and in a moment of anger I slapped her and knocked her down. It has been said that she was my stenographer. She never was, and she came to Washington against my will. It was a case of political persecution from the first.' Senator Sullivan's term in the Senate expired last March, and he retired to private business. He expects, he says, to make the race again, and naturally regrets the Leaton incident.

Fatal Fire in Chinatown.

New York, Sept. 3.—Three Chinamen met death this morning in the most exciting and spectacular fire Chinatown has seen for years. A pan of fat sizzled over the fire in the kitchen of a Chinese restaurant on Pell street, and in a few minutes the rickety old building was filled with fire and smoke. Sing Que was on the second floor when he became imprisoned by the flames. He ran to an open window and leaped to the pavement below. His death was instantaneous. Lee Chung Kung and Chong Wo Ching were on the top floor. Dense smoke filled the rooms and they were suffocated. The news of the fire spread through Chinatown like a flash, and thousands of the denizens of the district rushed to the scene. It was about all the police could do to prevent a panic, and the Chinamen fear fire next to death. In addition to the three killed several were slightly injured and more had narrow escapes. The loss to property was about \$20,000.

Situated in the burned building was a little Chinese temple where the faithful have been wont to go daily to worship their God, the Joss. Lying at the foot of this image was found the distorted body of Chong Wo Ching. It was evident he had made an attempt to save the Joss from the flames and had become overpowered by smoke. Ching was a high officer in the Masonic association.

Constitution a Disappointment.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 3.—At 9:45 this morning it was announced that there would be no race today between Constitution and Columbia. Constitution's crew will bend a new set of sails and make other alterations before the next race and it has been decided to hold races every other day, instead of racing daily, until the present series is completed. The Constitution, instead of showing an improved form, has evidenced such a retrogression that her managers are unable to account for it. Members of the New York Yacht Club are complaining whether to select Constitution or Columbia. Their hopes are still set on Constitution but if she were selected and sustained defeat by Shamrock, they realize the public feeling it would engender. Yesterday's race—and it was a clean cut victory for Columbia, notwithstanding the fact the racers did not finish—has only increased the gloom. Said a member of the New York Club this morning: "Constitution is not racing as well as she did the first of June. She is minutes slower. In plain words she has been turned down instead of up."

The Marker.

Georgetown, Sept. 3.—Wheat 65 1/2.

Mills Resume Operation.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 3.—The American Tin Plate Company has succeeded in introducing 82 additional skilled workmen into the Star plant. The managers expect that before the day ends seven of the eight tin mills in the plant will be in operation, and are elated at the prospects, while the strikers are correspondingly depressed. A small army of workers made their appearance at the mill this morning but not a single picket attempted interception. The strikers had not prepared for such an invasion and were compelled to stand idly by and see the largest body of men since the strike's beginning, march into the plant to take their places. The new comers are white men and are said to be skilled workmen. The Star mill strikers reluctantly acknowledge that now "they are against it." The new men found a steaming hot breakfast ready for them, after which they were assigned to their respective duties. Four mills are now running at normal capacity, three others will be placed in operation during the day, and arrangements are in progress for starting the eighth mill as well as for the running of the plant on full night turn.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor held a conference in a room at the Vendome Hotel late last night, and after a few words from President Samuel Gompers, the council adjourned to await the report of a committee appointed to investigate the charges which have been made against President Shaffer by a former vice president of the Amalgamated Association that Shaffer had ordered a useless strike. Upon the report of the committee, which it is said will be made by Friday, depends the support of the parent body, the A. F. of L., in the steel strike.

Reading, Pa., Sept. 3.—About a dozen Philadelphia and Reading shop strikers returned to work today. Secretary Frank Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, who made the labor day speech here yesterday, addressed a mass meeting of the men this morning, and urged them to stand firm. Pittsburgh, Sept. 3.—The American Tin Plate Company is rebuilding its efforts to open the mills on strike. At the general office it was said this morning that they are a great number of men who are in the mills now closed. More men have been secured in the east and are on the way to this city. It is hinted that the Demmler mill will be started shortly with some of the men now in the Star plant.

Charged With High Treason.

London, Sept. 3.—Dr. Krause, the ex-governor of Johannesburg, who was arrested last evening, appeared in the police court this morning, and was remanded for a week, without bail, charged with high treason in the Transvaal. Dr. Krause deposited a quantity of luggage in a storehouse at Camden Town. Two detectives this morning placed an embargo on the luggage which will be examined later. It is rumored that the police are watching other pro-Boers in England. Dr. Krause was governor of Johannesburg when it was occupied by Lord Roberts. He was who handed the keys of the city to Roberts. He afterwards took the oath of allegiance. The charge against him arose from the allegation that he had been secretly forwarding information to the Boers during his four months stay in Great Britain.

Sensational Charges.

New York, Sept. 3.—A remarkable divorce case came up in Judge Dugro's court today, when a motion was made for alimony by Mrs. Mary Simmons, who is suing her husband, Dr. John G. Simmons, of Westchester. The physician in his answer alleges improper conduct between Mrs. Simmons and Miss Lea Walters, whom he names as co-respondent in a counter suit he has brought. His home life had been broken up, he alleges, until his wife met Miss Walters. He alleges that an infatuation sprang up which became the talk of the village. In course of time, the doctor says, Miss Walters was taken into his home as the companion of his wife. He was relegated to the background and neglected that six weeks ago he drove both women from his house.

War Dance.

Phoenix, Arizona, Sept. 3.—The war dance of the Apaches of the San Carlos reservation, which has stretched out for two weeks, is constantly growing more serious and threatening to take an alarming turn. The Indians refuse to be pacified or influenced by their chiefs, and reports today say that the redskins are swearing by the blood of their fathers to make things warm for the whites at the Globe Mining Camp, nearby. People are preparing for trouble. The forces of soldiers at the forts are weak.

Killed in a Runaway Accident.

Beverly Farms, Mass., Sept. 3.—Frederick Warren, head of the Warren Steamship Line, a prominent society and club man, died here this morning, as the result of injuries received in a runaway accident. Mr. Warren was driving to his home at Beverly Farms when his team, a pair of horses, and his daughter who was in the carriage were thrown out, the latter escaping with slight bruises. Mr. Warren was fatally injured about the head.

Heartless Desertion.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Mrs. David P. Hayes, an attractive woman of 35 years, has been bedeviled into marrying a man who, after inducing her to mortgage her home for \$500, persuaded her to give him the money and then deserted her in this city. Hayes said that he owned a fine residence in Milwaukee and told what a popular man he was in that city; that he was 32nd of March. Mrs. Hayes raised the \$500 and started for Milwaukee with her husband. They stopped in Rochester. Hayes told his bride of two months that it was not safe for a woman to carry about so much money and induced her to give the money to him. The next day he left the hotel and has not been seen since.

Machinists Not in This Parade.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 3.—Labor Day's celebration here yesterday was marked by several noticeable features. The contrast was striking between the showing of the machinists' union this year and last. Last year the machinists of the locomotive works, Trigg shipyards and other machine plants had a big parade float in line. The machinists lost a strike since then and yesterday their ranks were thin and there were no floats. Many of the old men went elsewhere during the strike and many of the faces in line yesterday were new ones.

When you want a pleasant phlegm try the new remedy, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Richard Gibson's drug store.

Henry Bradley, Harris, N. C., says: "I took medicine 20 years for asthma but one bottle of One Minute Cough Cure did me more good than any thing else during that time. Best Cough Cure. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons."

A copy—

JOHN S. BEACH, Clerk.

By NEVILLE S. GREENWALD, D. C.

Douglas Stuart, p. q.

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Alexandria, Va., Sept. 3, 1901.

THIS IS TO NOTIFY MY CUSTOMERS that I have retired from the EX-ALIA MILK BUSINESS and have sold my milk at the dis. of Mr. W. L. GIFFORD at the "Palace" Dairy, who will have exclusive of this milk.

For 1901, Cor. Prince and Fayette sts., sep 3

C. H. JANNEY.

General Leonard Wood, military governor of Cuba, arrived at Norfolk this morning from Washington and sailed later on the government yacht Kanawha for Havana to resume his duties there.

Funeral services over the remains of Brigadier General Ludlow, U. S. A., were held in Trinity Church, New York, at noon today. The church services were simple. The pallbearers were Major General Brooke, Brigadier General J. M. Wilson, Brigadier General Eugene Griffin, Gen. W. M. Black, Col. C. G. Treat, and Major E. S. John Gibbe.

As a result of the big flood at Cleveland, O., a large section of a bank on Glen Park Place and in the rear of Brookfield street, gave way this morning, and crashed into the water below. Several barns were partly undermined and had to be propped up. There is still twenty feet of water in Glen Park Place which cannot run out on account of the blocking of Springbrook culvert. Early this morning the Public Works Department began hauling dirt into the Glen.

The New York police believe that in the arrest of Michael F. Kelly, last night, they have in custody the most skillful forger of recent years. Kelly is not only wanted on two charges, is New York, but has been wanted for some time past by the police of Boston, Cleveland, Chicago and Philadelphia.

The car men's strike at the Central railroad shop at Ashby, Pa., which has been in progress since May 20th has been declared off, and the men are today asking for positions individually and not as members of the union.

A STRANGE EXPERIENCE.—Henry